

Disclosure to Audience

No one involved in the planning or presentation of this activity has any relevant financial relationships with a commercial interest to disclose

The following are North Star Behavioral Health's Content Controllers:

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Becky Bitzer, Clinical Community Liaison

Sarah Twaddle, Clinical Community Liaison

Wayne Jackson, Clinical Community Liaison

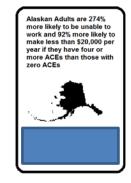
From 11:30- Noon

While attendees in person are starting their lunches at 11:30 - ACE cards will be at their tables available for review and discussion. For those of you on the phone the next slide has some cards for your review - so that you are not left out.

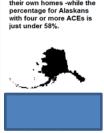




The Costs



Just over 70% of Alaskan adults with zero ACEs own their own homes -while the percentage for Alaskans with four or more ACEs is just under 58%.



ACE cards help explain the reality of ACEs in Alaska and promote ways to mitigate and prevent them.



The Data



Alaskan adults with four or

An Alaskan adult with zero ACEs is five times more likely to graduate from college than to not graduate from high school. The rate for Alaskans with four or more ACEs to graduate from college is almost identical to the rate for them not graduating from high



Trauma informed schools

have learned that changing

It's important to remember that ACE data is about a population and for individuals is not Predictive.



Resiliency



The Division of Behavioral

Health and the Council on

Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault teamed up to fund the

development of Trauma 101.

This training helps Alaskans

several projects that encourage healthy families by addressing violence and trauma, promoting wellness, and working towards eliminating disparities in child health affecting Alaska Native people in Alaska



A website will be listed on the cards and will be ready to go on January 28, 2015. This site will allow for further exploration of the cards' information



The Work



Some of the Organizations Supporting the ACE Study in Alaska









ALASKA NATIVE TRIBAL HEALTH CONSORTIUM









office of











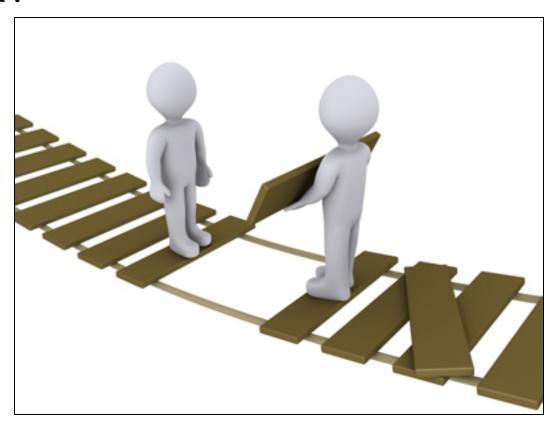








How did we get all these various groups to support the ACE study in Alaska?



Of the 42 Topic Areas cited in Healthy People *2020.....*

- 1. Access to Health Services
- 2. Adolescent Health
- 3. Arthritis, Osteoporosis, and **Chronic Back Conditions**
- 4. Blood Disorders and Blood Safety
- 5. Cancer
- 6. Chronic Kidney Disease
- 7. Dementias, Including
- Alzheimer's disease
- 8. Diabetes
- 9. Disability and Health
- 10. Early and Middle
- Childhood
- 11. Educational and

Community

Programs

- 12. Environmental Health
- 13. Family Planning
- 14. Food Safety
- 15. Genomics
- 16. Global Health

- 17. Healthcare-Associated Infections
- 18. Health Communication and Health Information Technology
- 19. Health-Related Quality of Life
- and Well-Being
- 20. Hearing and Sensory or Communication
- 21. Heart Disease and Stroke
- 22. HIV
- 23. Immunization and Infectious Diseases
- 24. Injury and Violence

Prevention

- 25. Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, and
- Transgender Health
- 26. Maternal, Infant, and Child Health
- 27. Medical Product Safety
- 28. Mental Health and Mental Disorders

- 29. Nutrition and Weight Status
- 30. Occupational Safety and Health
- 31. Older Adults
- 32. Oral Health
- 33. Physical Activity
- 34. Preparedness
- 35. Public Health

Infrastructure

- 36. Respiratory Diseases
- 37. Sexually Transmitted

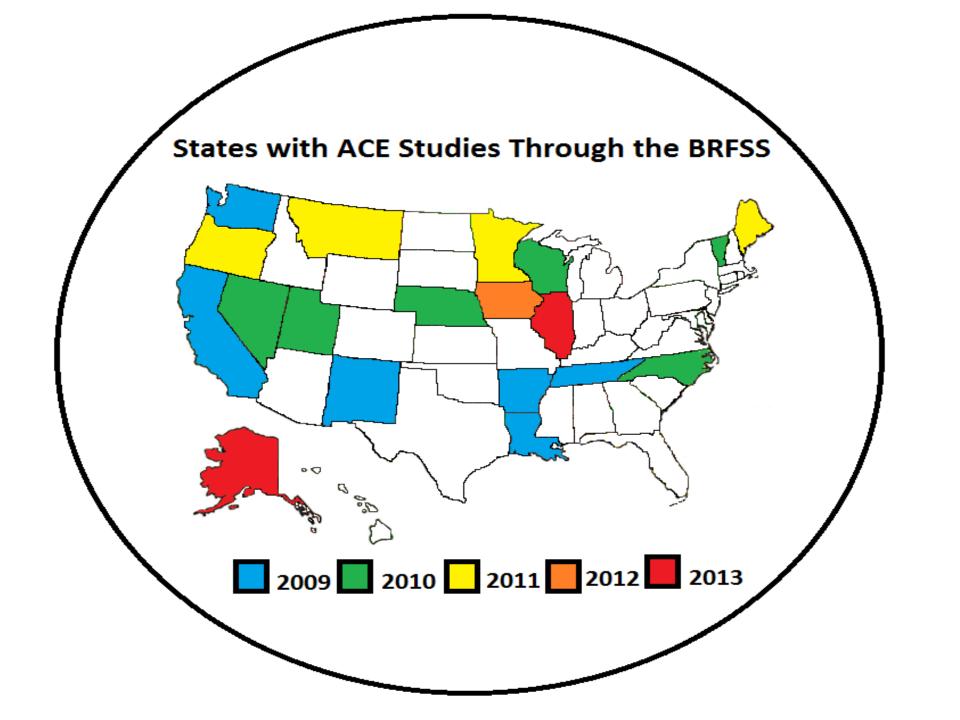
Diseases

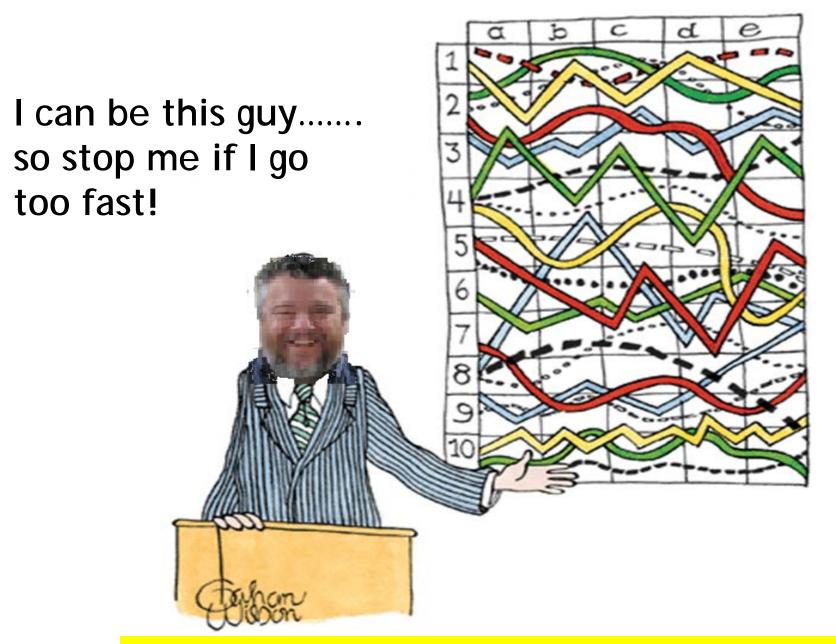
- 38. Sleep Health
- 39. Social Determinants
- of Health
- 40. Substance Abuse
- 41. Tobacco Use
- 42. Vision

28 linked to ACES

What is the BRFSS

- The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System marks its 30th year in 2013 and remains the gold standard of behavioral surveillance. Currently data are collected monthly in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Palau, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Guam.
- More than 500,000 interviews were conducted in 2011, making the BRFSS the largest telephone survey in the world.





I'll pause for a moment so you can let this information sink in.

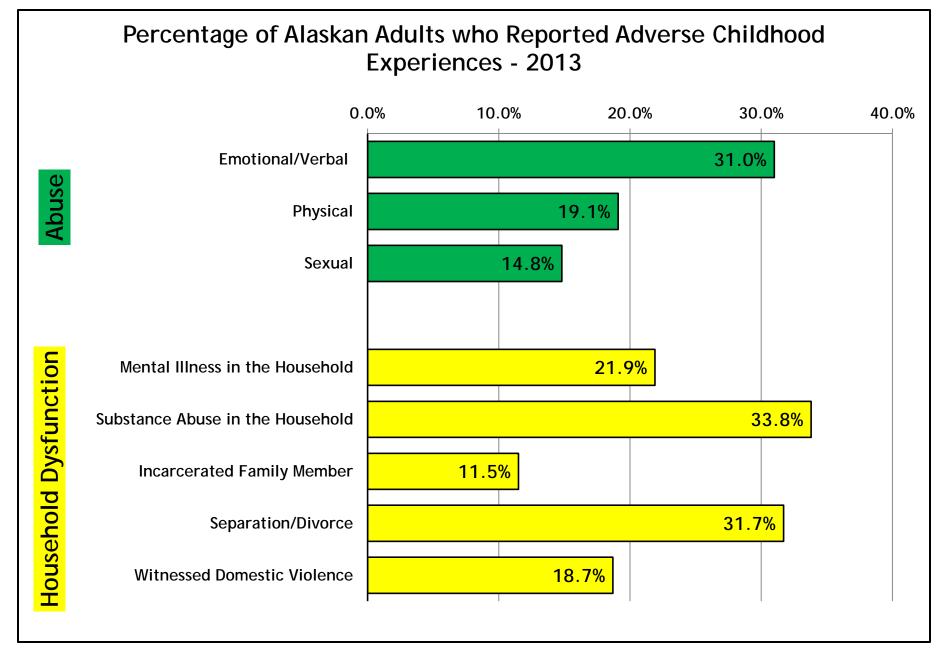
What do we mean by Adverse Childhood Experiences?

Abuse

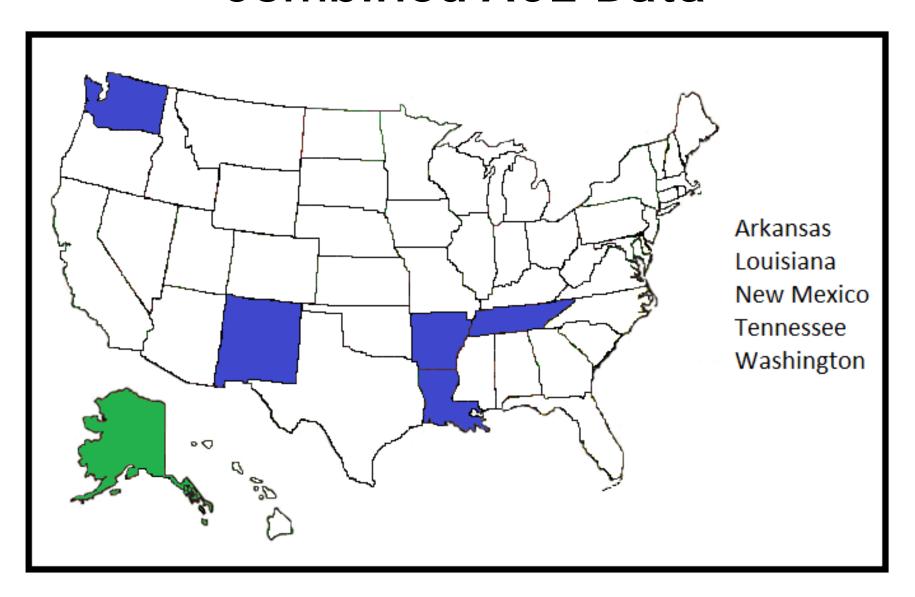
- 1. Physical
- 2. Sexual
- 3. Verbal/Emotional

Household Dysfunction

- 4. Mental Illness in the Household
- 5. Substance Abuse in the Household
- 6. Witnessing Domestic Violence
- 7. Separation/Divorce
- 8. Household Member in Prison



Alaska and Five States' Combined ACE Data



3111131133G				Mexico		3			
Experience*									
Abuse Percentages									
Emotional/Verbal	31.0	24.3	21.1	28.1	19.2	34.9			
Physical	19.1	14.1	10.5	19.5	12.9	18.1			
Sexual	14.8	10.9	9.9	12.9	12.7	13.5			
Household Dysfunction Percentages									
Mental Illness in the Home	21.9	17.0	16.6	19.4	17.1	24.3			
Incarcerated Family Member	11.5	5.5	7.2	7.1	8.6	6.6			
Substance Abuse in Home	33.8	25.5	26.6	29.9	28.3	32.7			
Separation or Divorce	31.7	23.3	27.1	24.4	29.1	26.0			
Witnessed Domestic Violence	18.7	15.1	14.5	18.9	17.1	16.6			
Source: Alaska data from the 2013 Alaska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public									

Alaska Arkansas Louisiana

New

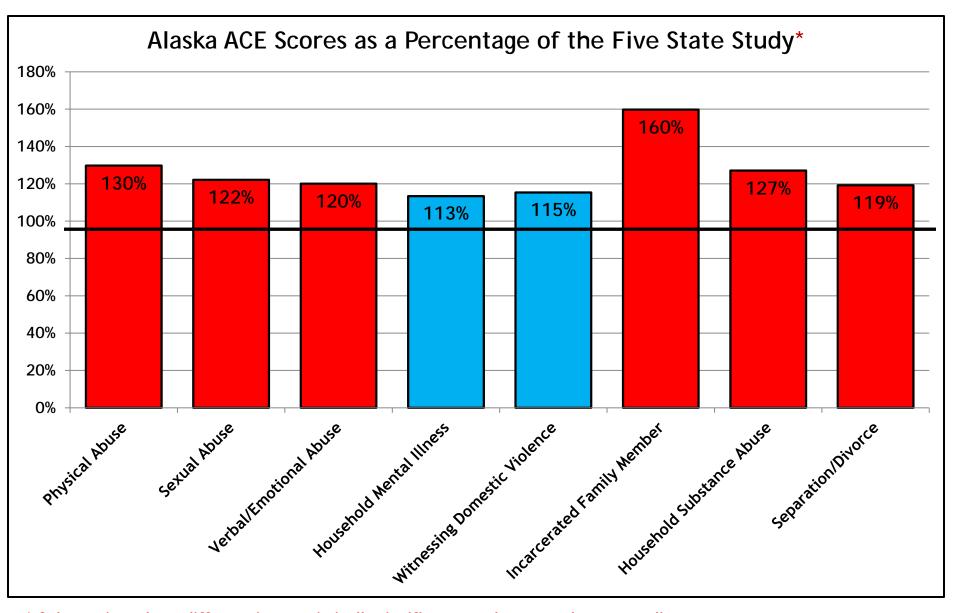
Tennessee Washington

Adverse

Childhood

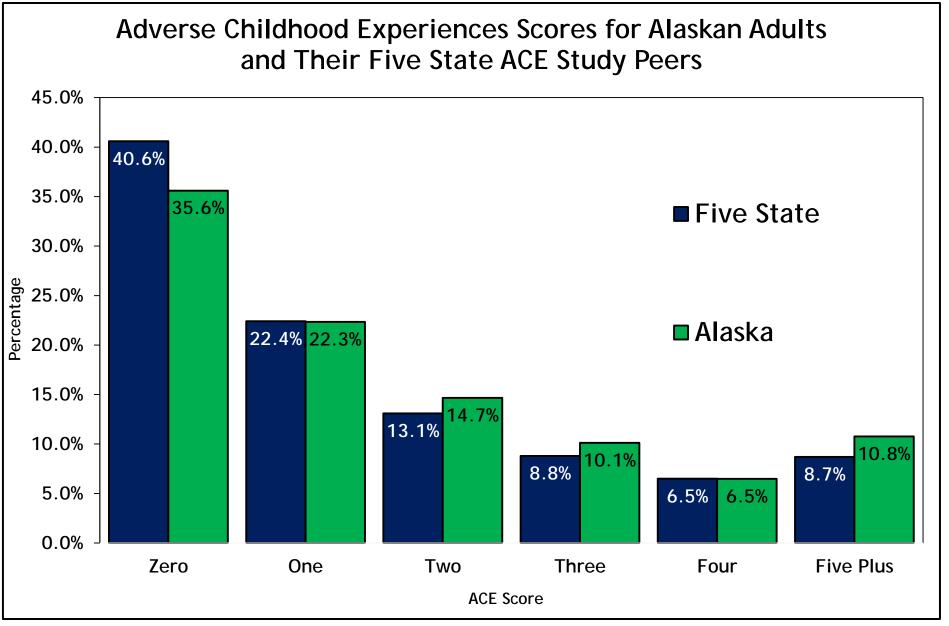
Health, Section of Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion

Source: Five States Study data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Adverse Childhood Experiences Reported by Adults --- Five States, 2009, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5949a1.htm



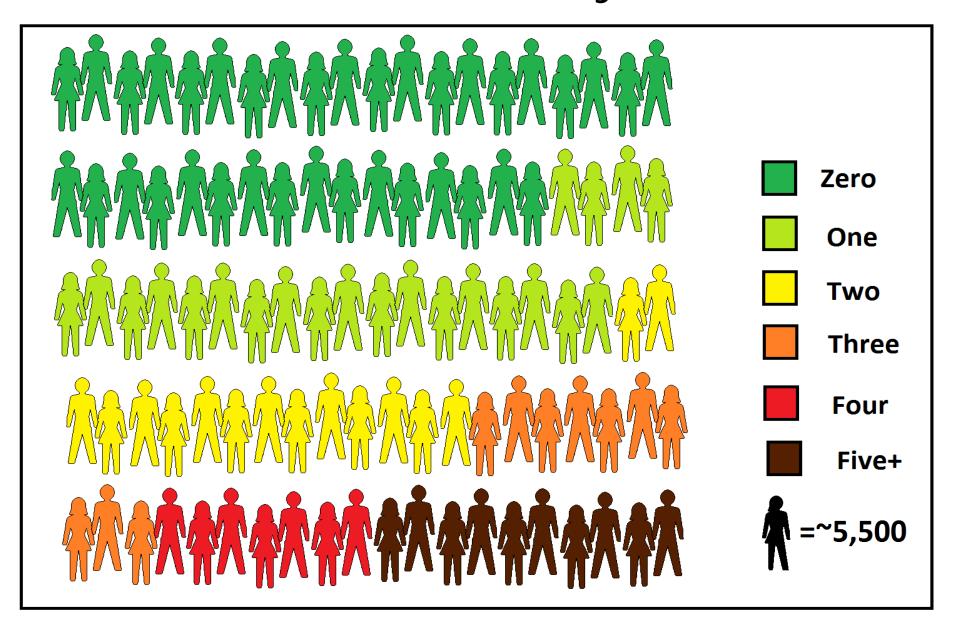
^{*} Columns in red are different in a statistically significant way between the two studies.

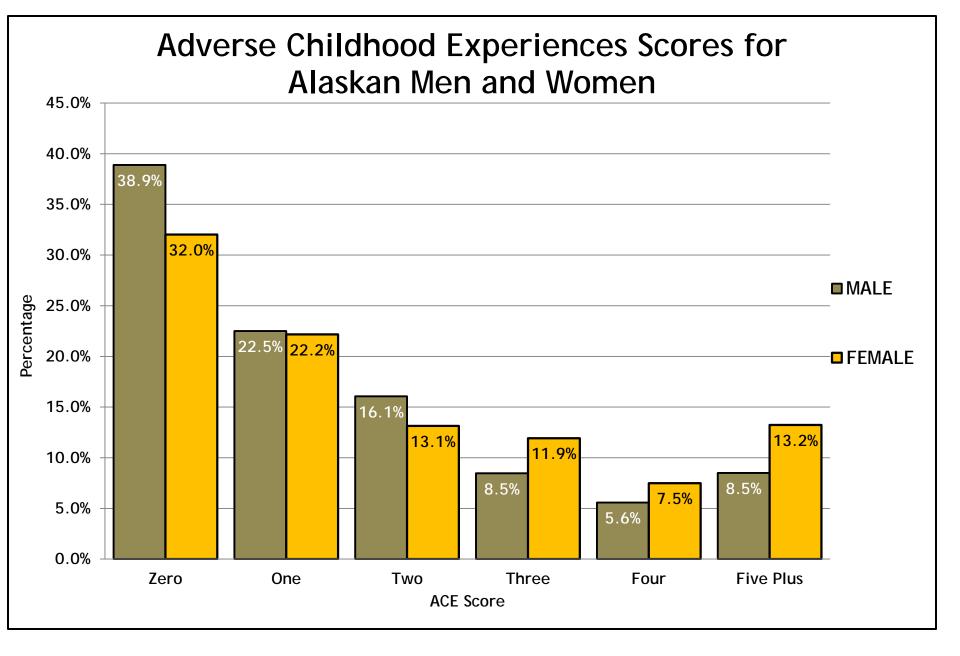
Source: Alaska data from the 2013 Alaska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, Section of Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Source: Five States Study data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Adverse Childhood Experiences Reported by Adults --- Five States, 2009, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5949a1.htm



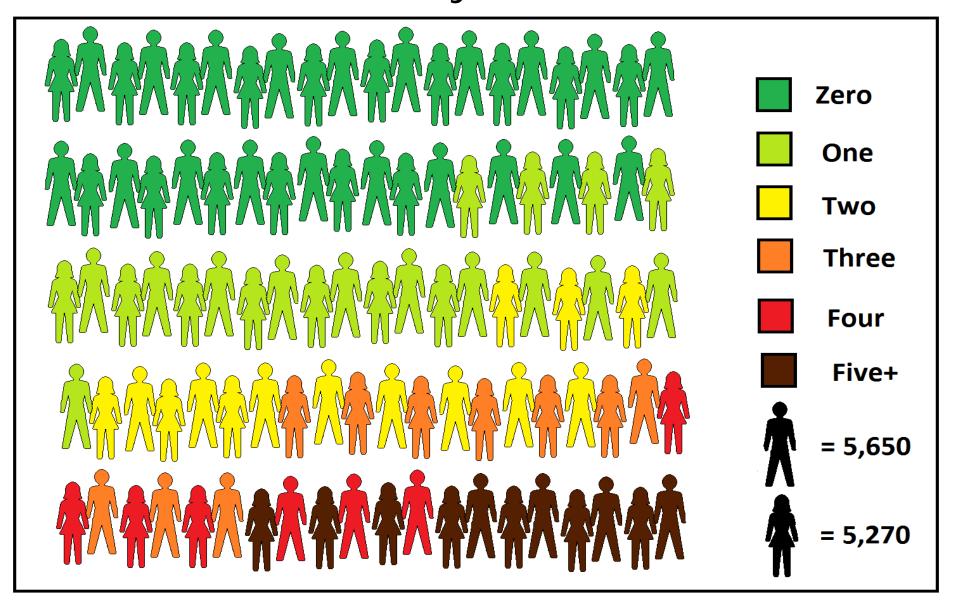
Source: Five States Study data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *Adverse Childhood Experiences Reported by Adults --- Five States, 2009,* http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5949a1.htm

100 Alaskans Adults by ACE Score





50 Alaskans Men and 50 Alaskan Women by ACE Score



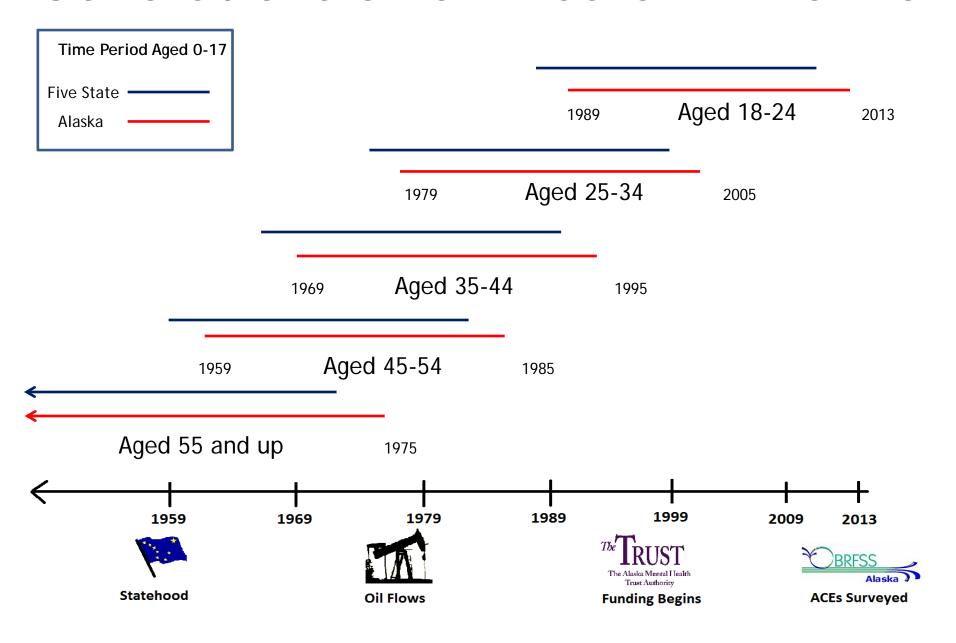
Adverse Childhood Experience Score	Alaska	Arkansas	Louisiana	New Mexico	Tennessee	Washington
Zero	35.6%	46.9%	42.6%	39.0%	43.5%	34.6%
One	22.3%	21.0%	24.7%	21.8%	20.8%	23.0%
Two	14.7%	11.2%	12.9%	12.6%	12.6%	14.6%
Three	10.1%	7.1%	7.7%	10.1%	8.3%	10.3%
Four	6.5%	5.9%	5.5%	7.1%	6.2%	7.5%
Five Plus	10.8%	8.0%	6.6%	9.5%	8.7%	10.1%

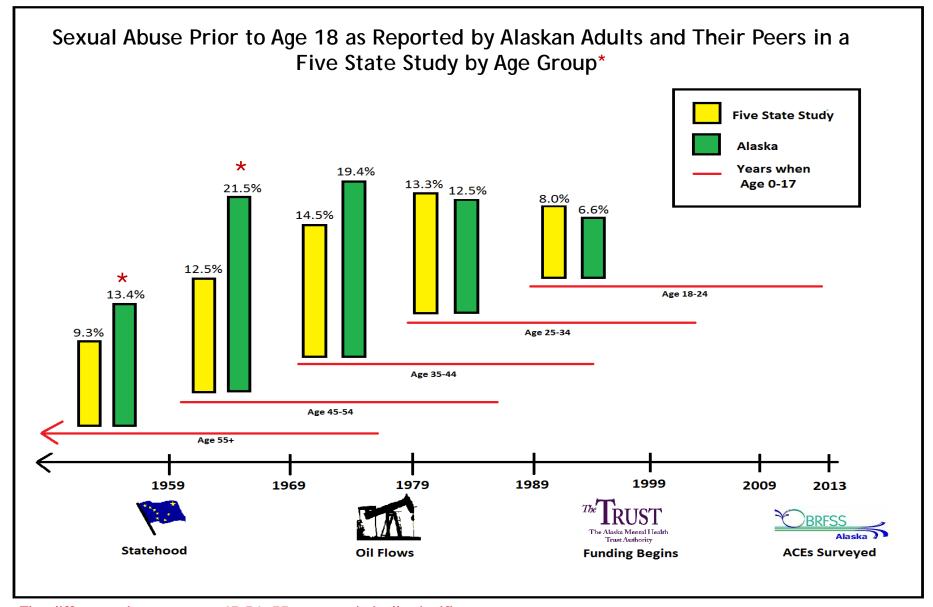
Source: Alaska data from the 2013 Alaska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, Section of Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion

Source: Five States Study data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Adverse Childhood Experiences Reported by Adults --

- Five States, 2009, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5949a1.htm

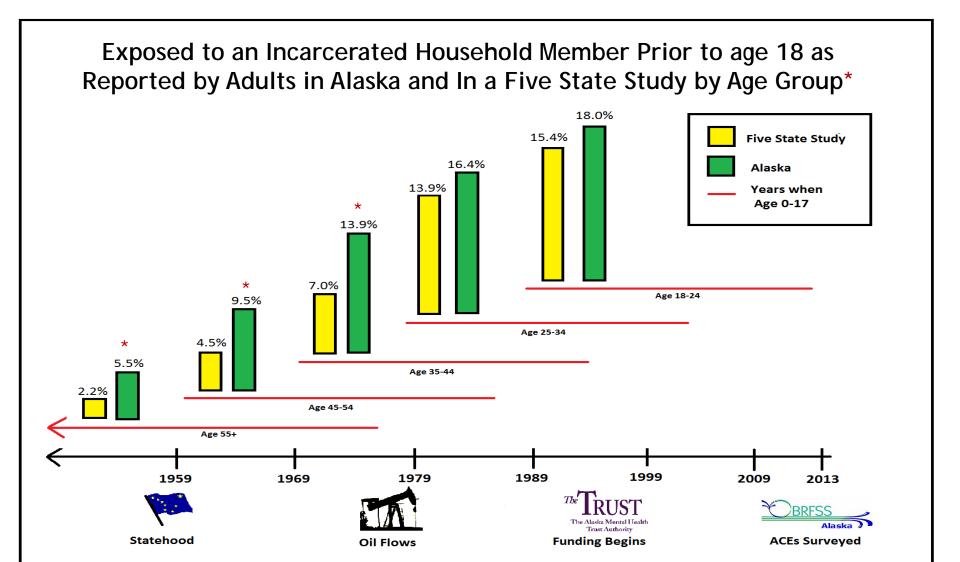
Generations on an Alaskan Timeline





The difference in age groups 45-54, 55+ are statistically significant

Source: Five States Study data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Adverse Childhood Experiences Reported by Adults --- Five States, 2009, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5949a1.htm

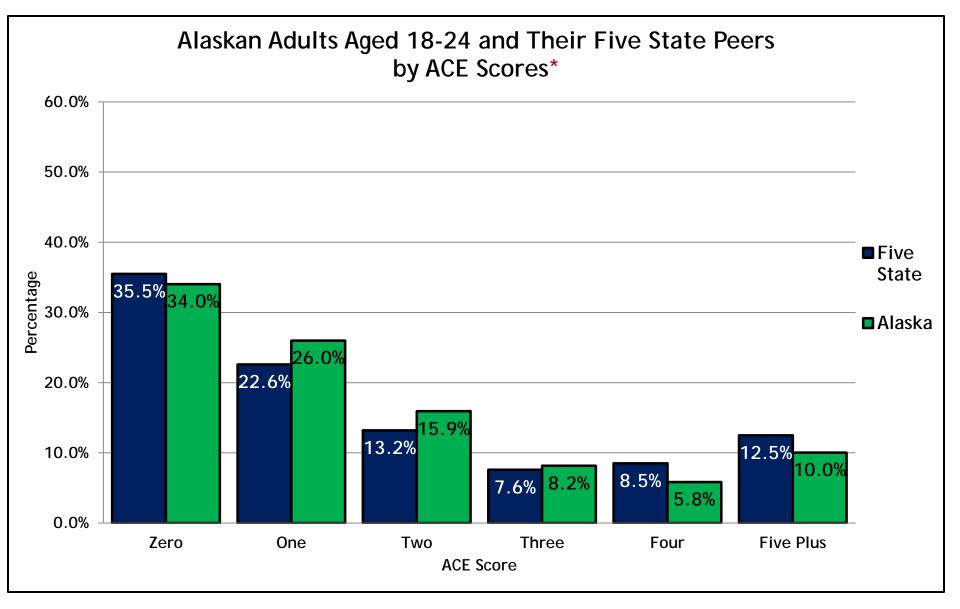


* The difference in age groups 35-44, 45-54, 55+ as well as the total are statistically significant

Source: Alaska data from the 2013 Alaska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, Section of Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion

Source: Five States Study data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Adverse Childhood Experiences

Reported by Adults --- Five States, 2009, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5949a1.htm

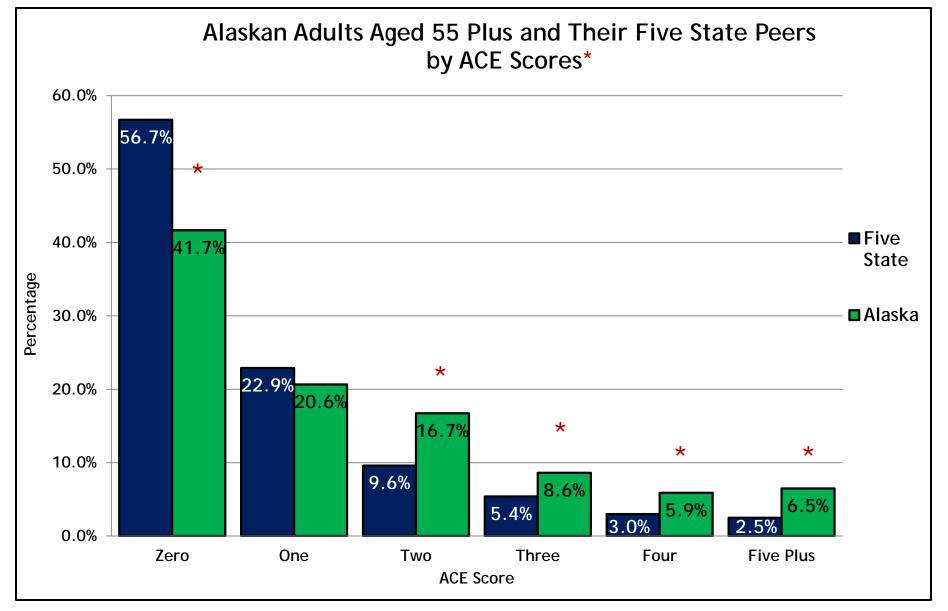


*There is no statistical difference between these ACE Scores.

Source: Alaska data from the 2013 Alaska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, Section of Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion

Source: Five States Study data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Adverse Childhood Experiences Reported by Adults --- Five States, 2009, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5949a1.htm

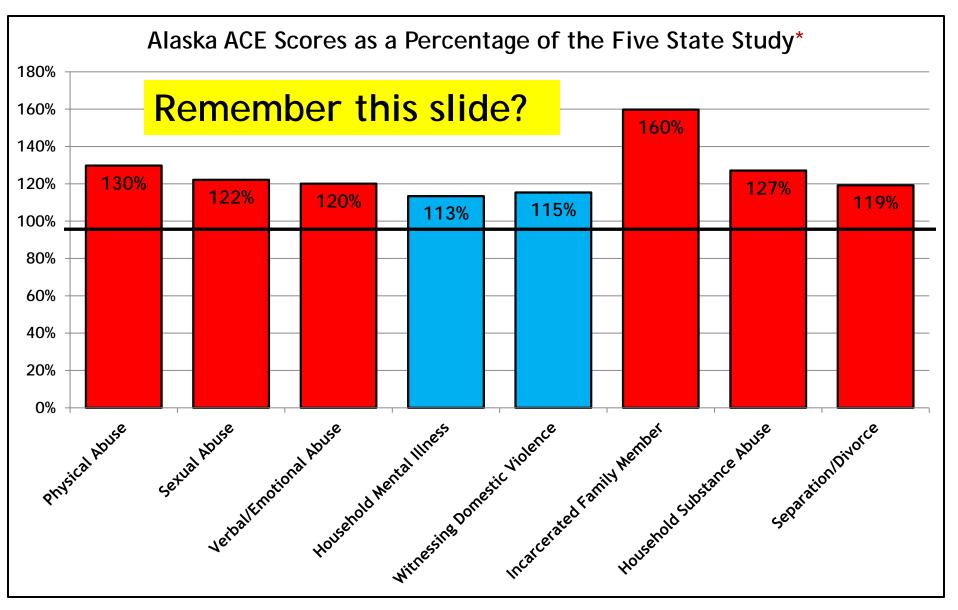
Notes: Sum may not equal 100% due to rounding.



^{*}There is a statistical difference between all the ACE Scores but the score of "one".

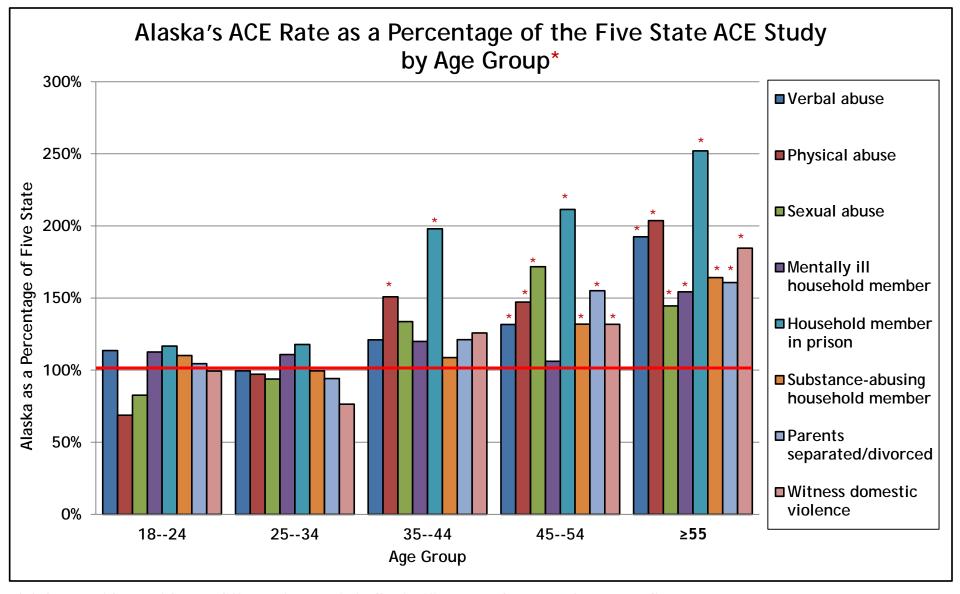
Source: Five States Study data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *Adverse Childhood Experiences Reported by Adults --- Five States, 2009,* http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5949a1.htm

Notes: Sum may not equal 100% due to rounding.



^{*} Columns in red are different in a statistically significant way between the two studies.

Source: Alaska data from the 2013 Alaska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, Section of Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Source: Five States Study data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Adverse Childhood Experiences Reported by Adults --- Five States, 2009, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5949a1.htm



^{*} Columns with asterisks are different in a statistically significant way between the two studies.

Note: The red line indicates 100% or comparable rates between the two studies. If no asterisk is above the line the numbers are statistically similar.

Source: Five States Study data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Adverse Childhood Experiences Reported by Adults --

⁻ Five States, 2009, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5949a1.htm

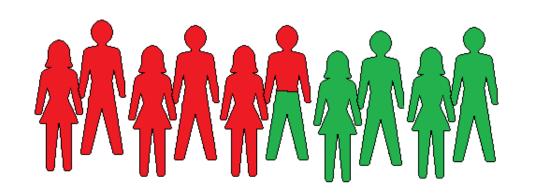
ACEs Overlap - Abuse for Example

Verbal Abuse

Physical Abuse Sexual Abuse

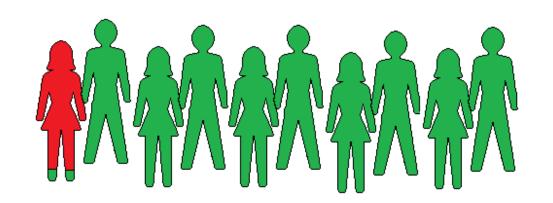
Chance of Having Experienced Physical Abuse While Under Age 18

Alaskan Adult's who Witnessed Domestic Violence Under Age 18



55.0%

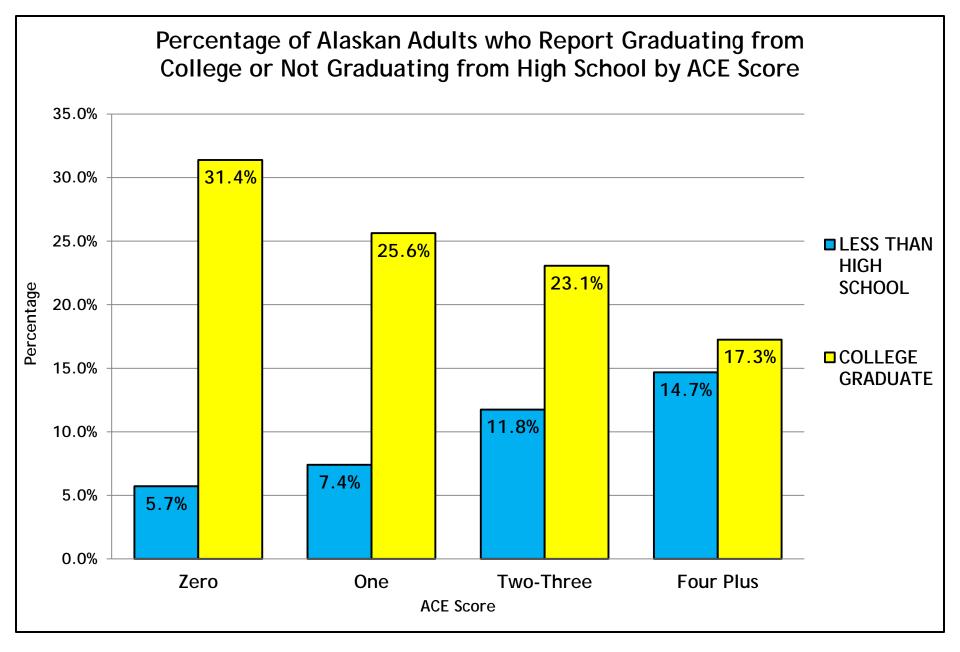
Alaskan Adult's who <u>Did Not</u> Witnessed Domestic Violence Under Age 18

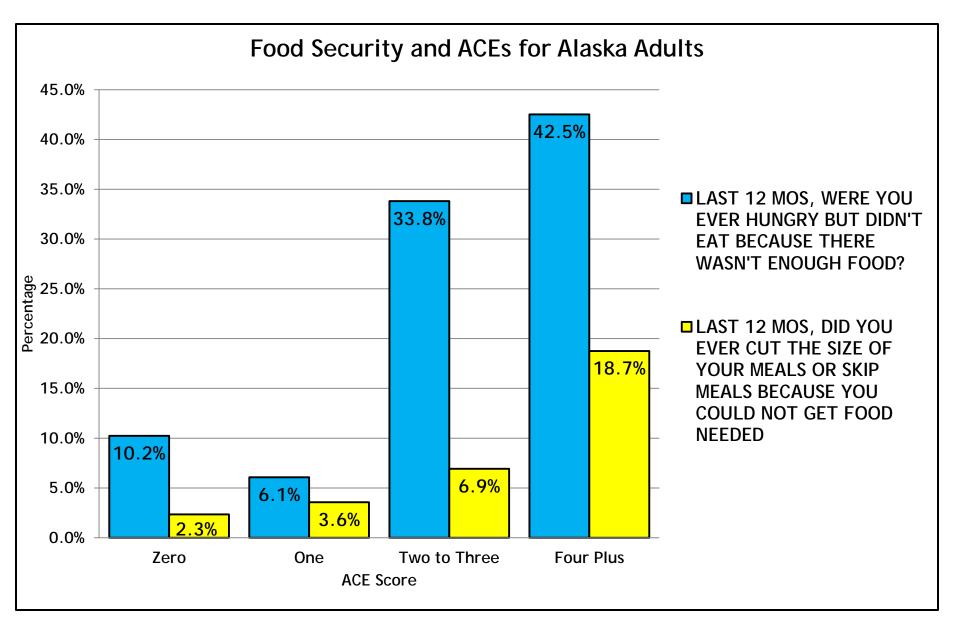


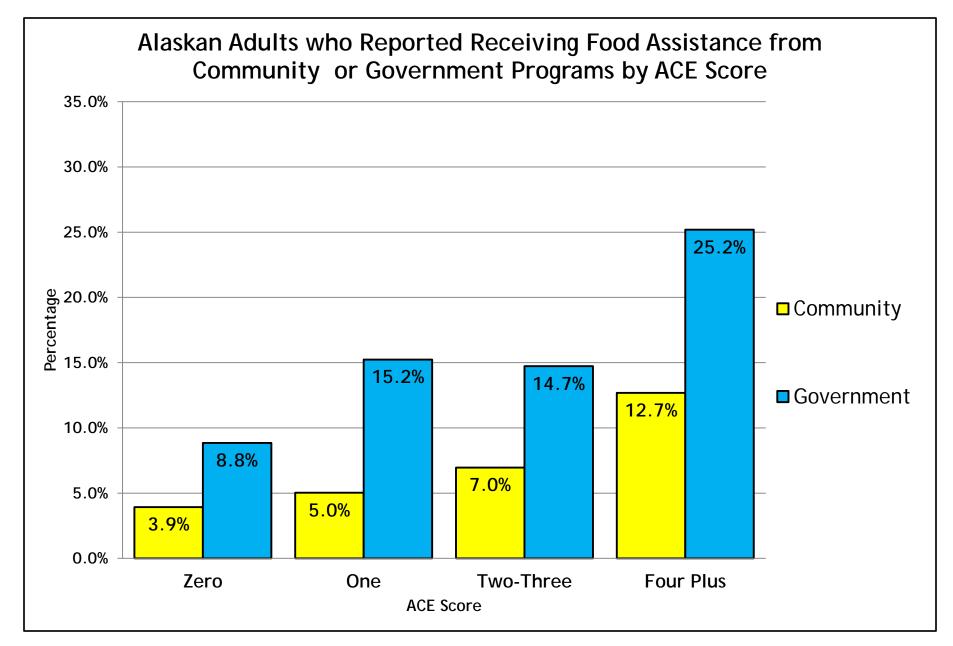
9.9%

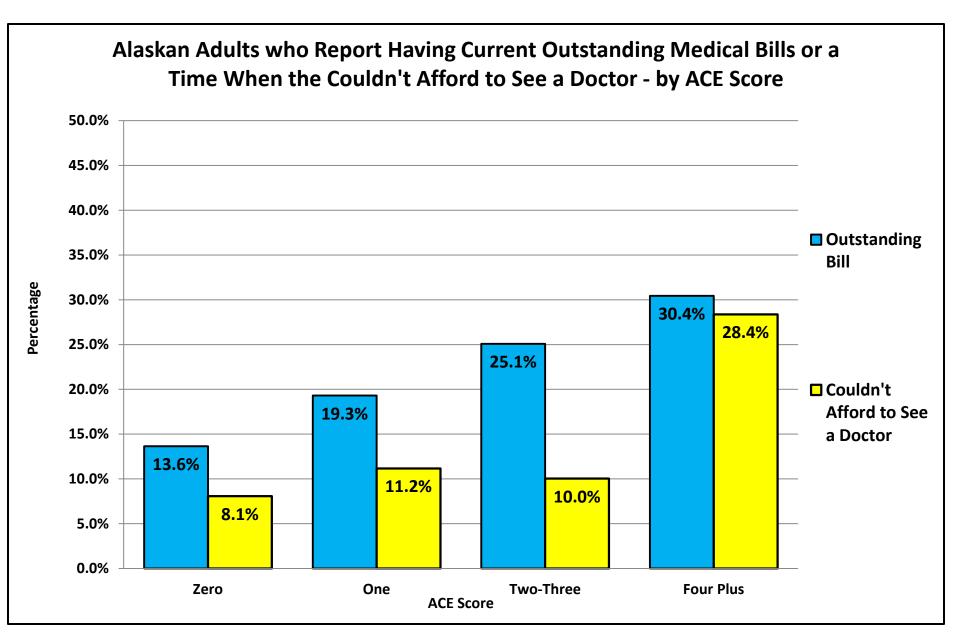
Rows indicate exposure to this form of adverse childhood experience. Columns indicate co-occurrence with other exposures.		Physical Abuse	Sexual Abuse	Verbal/ Emotional Abuse	Mental Illness	Substance Abuse	Domestic Violence	Senaration	Household Member in Prison
	Physical Abuse		35.9%	78.4%	42.6%	60.4%	53.6%	47.2%	21.6%
Abuse	Sexual Abuse	43.7%		57.2%	44.4%	56.5%	35.9%	43.0%	18.5%
1	Verbal/Emotional Abuse	47.5%	28.4%		42.7%	58.0%	40.8%	44.8%	19.1%
Household Dysfunction	Mental Illness	36.7%	31.4%	60.8%		61.3%	36.3%	43.5%	22.6%
	Substance Abuse	33.2%	25.5%	52.7%	39.1%		37.4%	49.1%	25.8%
	Domestic Violence	55.0%	30.2%	69.1%	43.3%	69.7%		56.9%	25.0%
	Separation/Divorce	27.5%	20.6%	43.1%	29.4%	52.0%	32.3%		20.8%
Hou	Household Member in Prison	36.9%	25.9%	53.7%	44.7%	79.9%	41.5%	60.8%	

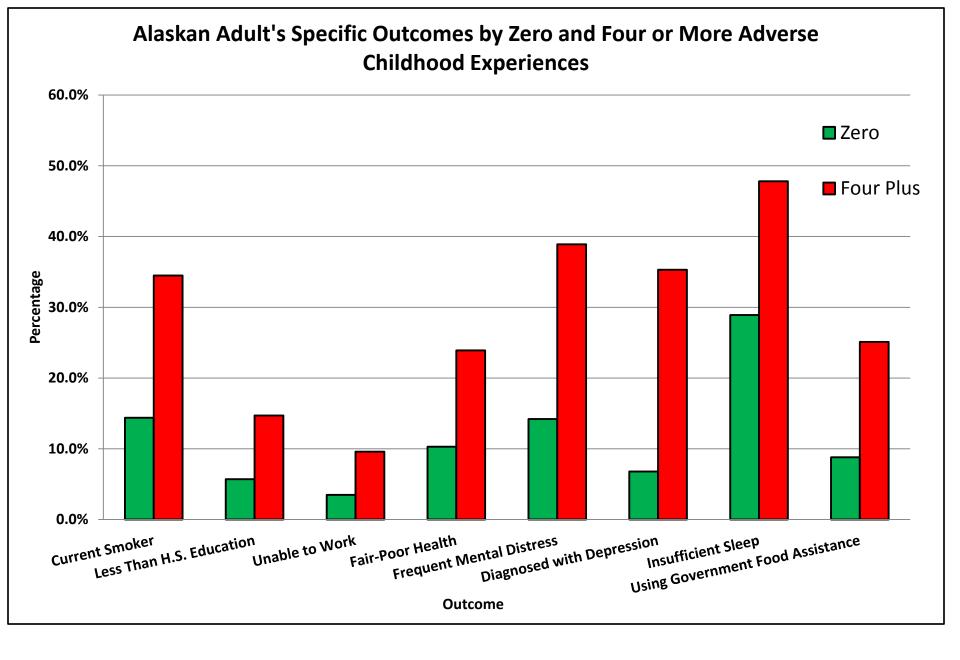
the A rate Grey great	cells are a referent for claskan population's of experiencing an ACE. cells are the odds ter than the population when one ACE is ent	Physical Abuse	Sexual Abuse	Verbal/ Emotional Abuse	Mental Illness	Substance Abuse	Domestic Violence	Separation Divorce	Household Member in Prison	Average
	Physical Abuse	1.00	2.48	2.68	2.08	1.88	3.12	1.56	2.08	2.27
Abuse	Sexual Abuse	2.47	1.00	1.96	2.17	1.76	2.09	1.42	1.78	1.95
AK	Verbal/Emotional Abuse	2.68	1.96	1.00	2.08	1.81	2.37	1.48	1.84	2.03
ınction	Mental Illness	2.07	2.17	2.08	1.00	1.91	2.11	1.44	2.17	1.99
	Substance Abuse	1.88	1.76	1.80	1.91	1.00	2.17	1.62	2.48	1.95
Dysfu	Domestic Violence	3.11	2.08	2.37	2.11	2.17	1.00	1.88	2.40	2.30
Household Dysfunction	Separation/Divorce	1.55	1.42	1.48	1.43	1.62	1.88	1.00	2.00	1.63
	Household Member in Prison	2.08	1.79	1.84	2.18	2.49	2.41	2.01	1.00	2.11
	Average	2.26	1.95	2.03	1.99	1.95	2.31	1.63	2.11	2.18

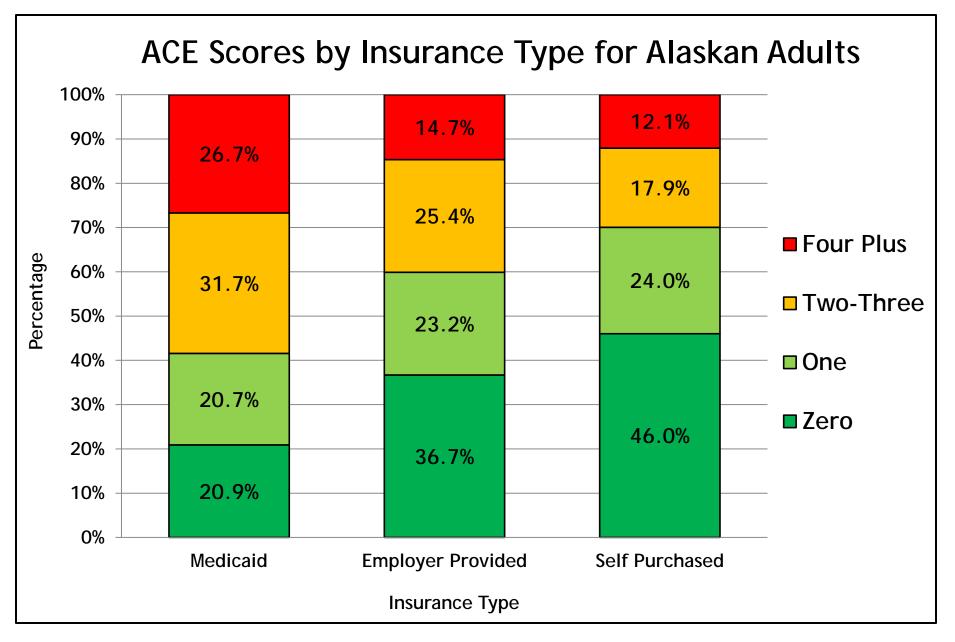






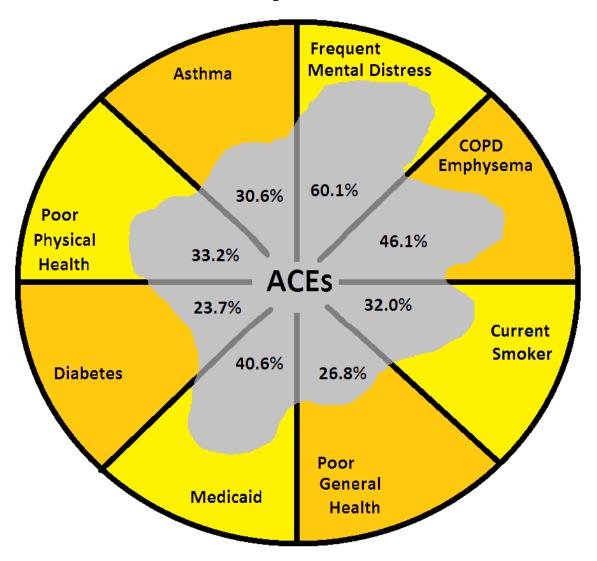






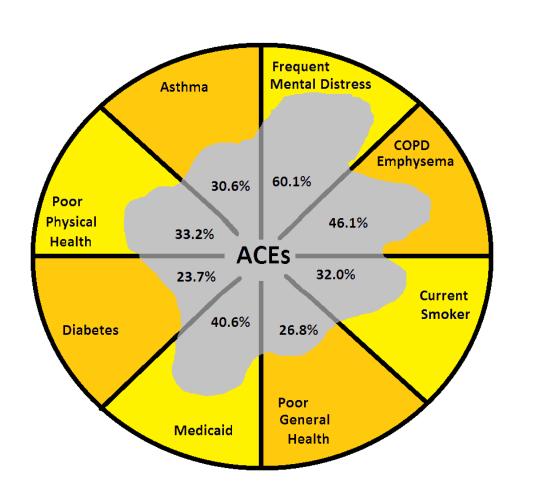
Source: Alaska data from the 2013 Alaska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, Section of Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion

ACEs Impact - Alaska

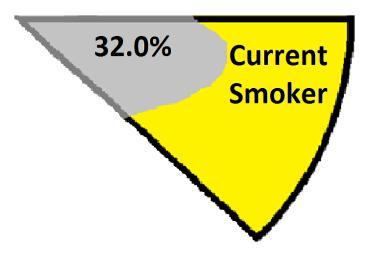


Source: Alaska data from the 2013 Alaska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, Section of Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion

Population Attributable Risks in Alaska



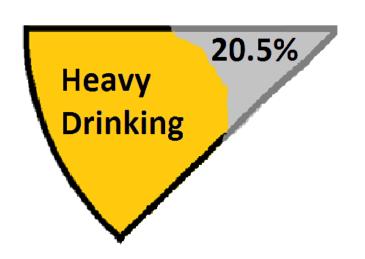
In 2012 it was estimated that Alaska Spent \$579 Million on Smoking- 32.0% of that is \$185 Million

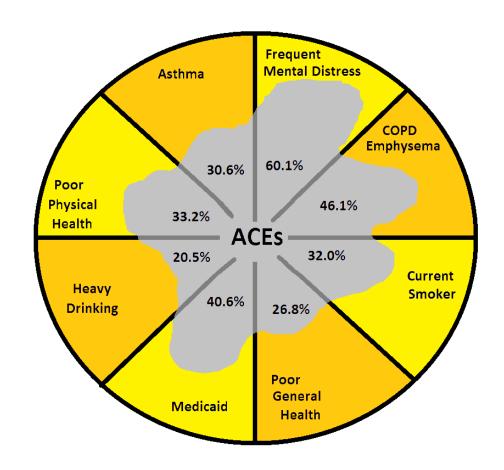


Source: Alaska data from the 2013 Alaska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, Section of Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Graphic: AMHB/ABADA Source for Costs: http://therealcost.org/

Population Attributable Risks in Alaska

In 2010 Substance Abuse Cost In Alaska were estimated at \$1.2 Billion. 20.5% of 1.2 Billion Is \$246 Million Related to ACEs





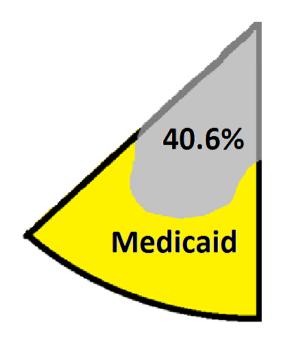
Source: Alaska data from the 2013 Alaska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, Section of Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Graphic: AMHB/ABADA

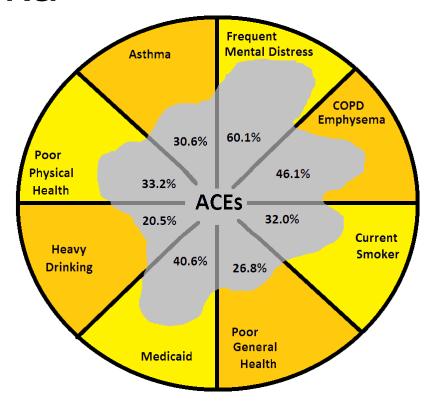
Source for Costs: The McDowell Report - See ABADA website

http://dhss.alaska.gov/abada/Documents/pdf/EconomicCostofAlcoholandDrugAbuse2012.pdf

Population Attributable Risks in Alaska

In 2012 Adults Age 20+ Cost \$860 Million in Medicaid Costs 40.6% of that is \$349 Million





Source: Alaska data from the 2013 Alaska Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, Section of Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Graphic: AMHB/ABADA **Source for costs**: See DHSS Website http://dhss.alaska.gov/fms/Documents/MESA/MESA_2012-32.pdf

National Survey of Children's Health 2011/2012

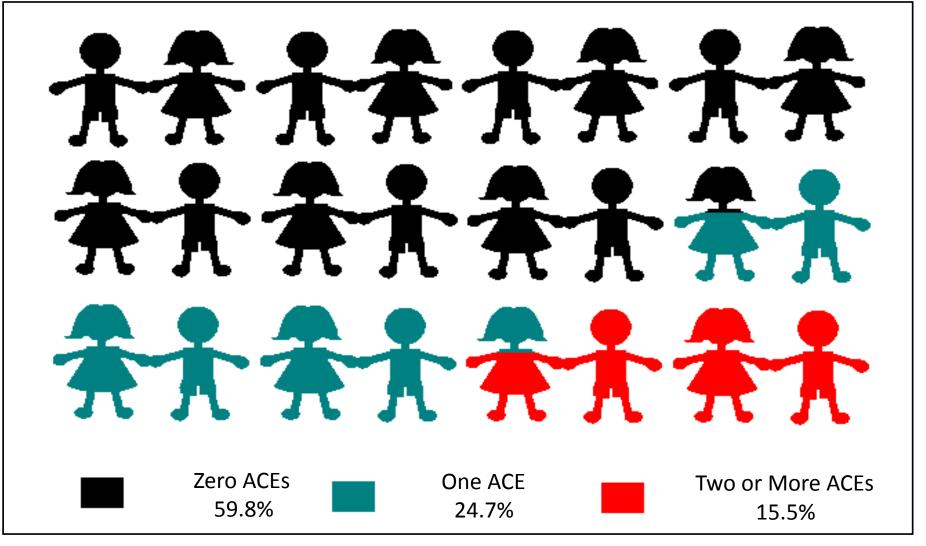
- (1) socioeconomic hardship,
- (2) divorce/separation of parent,
- (3) death of parent,
- (4) parent served time in jail,
- (5) witness to domestic violence,
- (6) victim of neighborhood violence,
- (7) lived with someone who was mentally ill or suicidal,
- (8) lived with someone with alcohol/drug problem,
- (9) treated or judged unfairly due to race/ethnicity.

Does not include Physical, Sexual and Emotional abuse.

National Survey of Children's Health 2011/2012

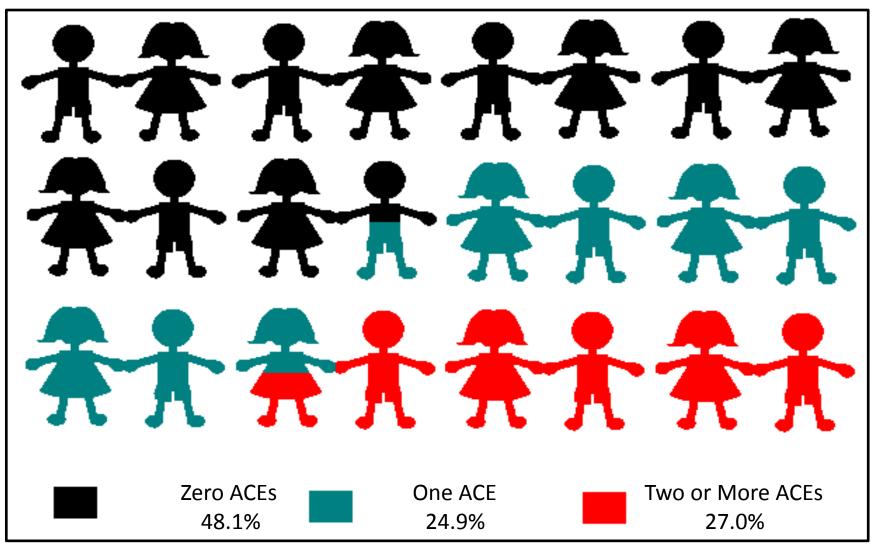
Ace Question	U.S.	Alaska	Statistically Significant
Family's income hard to cover the basics like food or housing? Very often or Somewhat often.	25.7%	25.0%	No
Did child ever live with a parent or guardian who got divorced or separated after he or she was born?	20.1%	23.8%	Yes
Did the child ever live with a parent or guardian who died?	3.1%	3.1%	NA
Did ever live with a parent or guardian who served time in jail or prison after he/she was born?	6.9%	9.6%	Yes
Did the child ever see or hear any parents, guardians, or any other adults in his/her home slap, hit, kick, punch, or beat each other up?	7.3%	8.6%	No
Was the child ever the victim of violence or witness any violence in his/her neighborhood?	8.6%	10.5%	No
Did the child ever live with anyone who was mentally ill or suicidal, or severely depressed for more than a couple of weeks?	8.6%	11.0%	No
Did the child ever live with anyone who had a problem with alcohol or drugs?	10.7%	14.5%	Yes
Was the child ever treated or judged unfairly because of his/her race or ethnic group?	4.1%	4.9%	No

Age 0-5 by Number of ACES in Alaska



Source: National Survey of Children's Health 2011/2012, Graphic created by the Alaska Mental Health Board/Advisory Board on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse Staff.

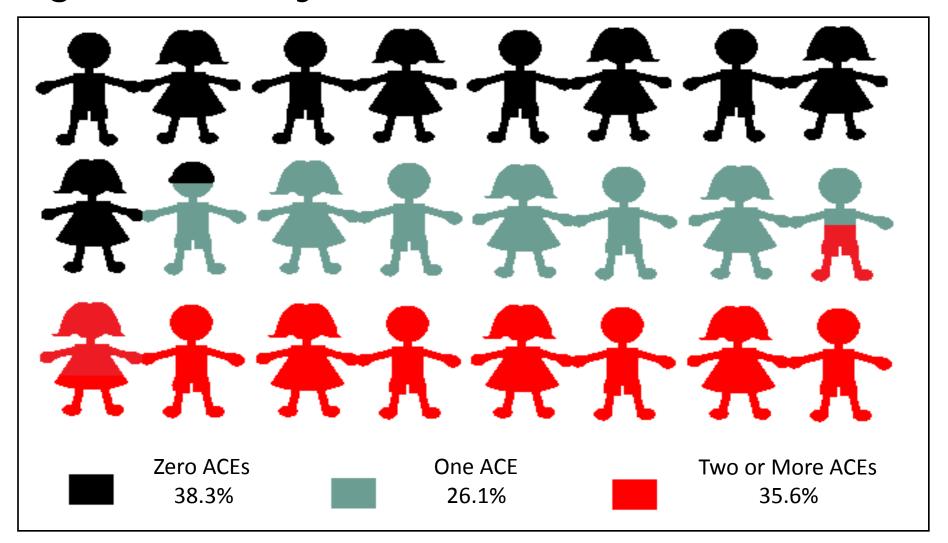
Age 6-11 by Number of ACES in Alaska



Source: National Survey of Children's

Health 2011/2012, Graphic created by the Alaska Mental Health Board/Advisory Board on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse Staff.

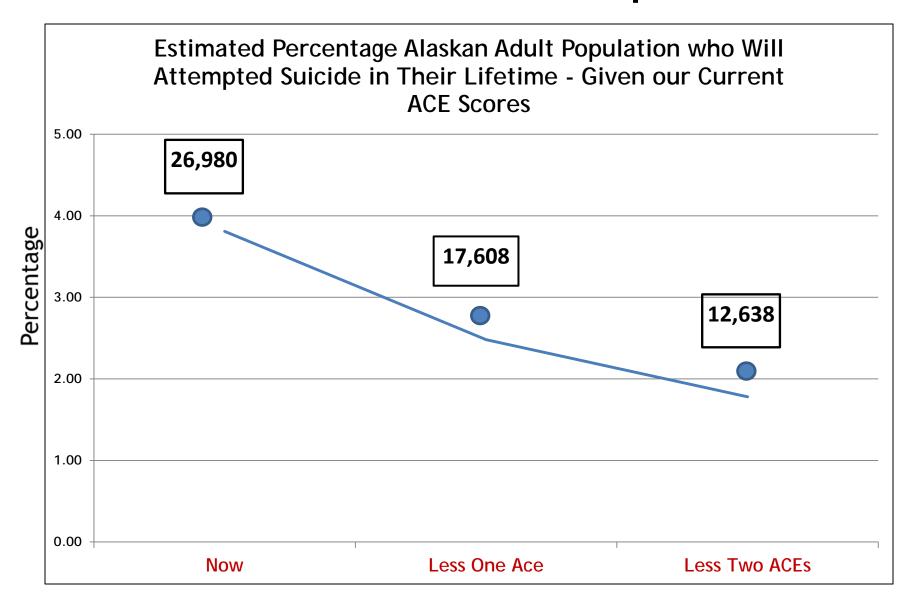
Age 12-17 by Number of ACES in Alaska



Source: National Survey of Children's

Health 2011/2012, Graphic created by the Alaska Mental Health Board/Advisory Board on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse Staff.

We don't have to be perfect!



Contact Information

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(907) 465-3072



North Star BHS – CME Activity Course Evaluation Form

<u>Date</u>: 01/06/2015 <u>Starting Time</u>: 12:00 pm <u>Ending Time</u>: 1:00 pm

Topic: Adverse Childhood Experiences in Alaska

Presenter(s): Pat Sidmore, MSW

At the conclusion of this activity, participants should be able to:	Not at All	Slightly	Moderately	Mostly	Completely
Comprehensively understand the population based rate of adverse childhood experiences specific to Alaska, as well as outcomes which can be used to enhance practice.					
Explain the pervasiveness of ACEs to clients, and use the information to normalize outcomes for which patients may blame herself/himself.					
Identify the link between clients' early trauma and potential poor health, social and economic outcomes.					

Was the presentation commercially biased in any manner?	Yes [] No []
Based on this activity, what will you do differently in your practice?	
Topics of Interest for future Seminars:	
Printed Name of CME participant:	Physician Yes [] No []
Signature of CME participant:	
Agency/Organization:	
Email:	
Are you on our email distribution list? Yes [] No [] If not – do you wish to be added for future CME events? Yes [] No []	